

**National Interagency Coordination Center  
Incident Management Situation Report  
Thursday, April 15, 2021 – 0730 MDT  
National Preparedness Level 2**

**National Fire Activity:**

Initial attack activity:	Light (107 fires)
New large incidents:	3
Large fires contained:	5
Uncontained large fires:***	10
Area Command teams committed:	0
NIMOs committed:	0
Type 1 IMTs committed:	0
Type 2 IMTs committed:	1

Nationally, there is 1 fire being managed under a strategy other than full suppression.

\*\*\*Uncontained large fires include only fires being managed under a full suppression strategy.

[Link](#) to Geographic Area daily reports.

[Link](#) to Understanding the IMSR.

**This report will be posted Monday – Friday at 0730 Mountain time unless significant activity occurs.**

IMT 2 (NW Team 7) has been assigned in support of Oregon state COVID-19 response operations.

<b>Active Incident Resource Summary</b>							
<b>GACC</b>	<b>Incidents</b>	<b>Cumulative Acres</b>	<b>Crews</b>	<b>Engines</b>	<b>Helicopters</b>	<b>Total Personnel</b>	<b>Change in Personnel</b>
AICC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NWCC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ONCC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OSCC	1	62	0	0	0	8	0
NRCC	2	19,855	0	2	0	28	-9
GBCC	1	660	2	7	0	65	0
SWCC	7	10,690	12	18	2	423	-16
RMCC	2	5,461	0	0	0	6	-7
EACC	9	2,474	3	23	0	108	0
SACC	25	13,531	4	52	1	218	-30
<b>Total</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>52,735</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>856</b>	<b>-62</b>

**Southwest Area (PL 3)**

New fires: 19  
 New large incidents: 0  
 Uncontained large fires: 2

**G-22**, Fort Apache Agency, BIA. Eighteen miles southwest of Heber, AZ. Timber and brush. Minimal fire behavior with backing, creeping and smoldering.

**Salt**, San Carlos Agency, BIA. Thirty miles northwest of Safford, AZ. Short grass and brush. Minimal fire behavior.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
G-22	AZ-FTA	2,026	18	50	Ctn	5/4	171	-20	4	9	1	0	1M	BIA
Salt	AZ-SCA	4,425	0	90	Ctn	4/15	21	0	0	0	0	0	305K	BIA
Large Fires Being Managed with a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
South Rim 4	TX-BBP	929	0	35	Comp	4/23	103	-2	4	3	1	0	498K	NPS

BBP – Big Bend National Park, NPS

**Southern Area (PL 2)**

New fires: 50  
 New large incidents: 3  
 Uncontained large fires: 5

**Union Bottom**, Oklahoma DOF. Twelve miles east of Madill, OK. Hardwood litter, dormant brush, hardwood slash. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering.

\* **Tombstone II**, Oklahoma DOF. Fifty-four miles southeast of McAlester, OK. Hardwood litter and timber. Active fire behavior with flanking and backing.

**Ranch Creek**, Okmulgee Field Office, BIA. Five miles southwest of Wetumka, OK. Hardwood litter. No new information. Last report unless new information is received.

**Tombstone Mountain**, Oklahoma DOF. Fifty-four miles southeast of McAlester, OK. Timber. No new information. Last report unless new information is received.

**Pigeon Roost**, Daniel Boone NF, USFS. Three miles southeast of Whitley City, KY. Hardwood litter and light slash. No new information. Last report unless new information has been received.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Union Bottom	OK-OKS	245	---	90	Ctn	4/15	4	-33	0	2	0	0	28K	ST
* Tombstone II	OK-OKS	324	---	60	Ctn	UNK	11	---	0	5	0	0	9K	ST
Ranch Creek	OK-OMA	298	---	80	Ctn	UNK	7	---	0	1	0	0	30K	BIA
Tombstone Mountain	OK-OKS	101	---	60	Ctn	UNK	7	---	0	3	0	0	10K	ST
Pigeon Roost	KY-DBF	123	---	30	Ctn	UNK	7	---	0	1	0	0	5K	FS
Rocky	OK-OKS	215	0	100	Ctn	---	0	-2	0	0	0	0	10K	ST
* Tim	OK-OSA	565	---	100	Ctn	---	13	---	0	2	0	0	2K	BIA
* Walker	OK-OSA	796	---	100	Ctn	---	6	---	0	1	0	0	2K	BIA

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Large Fires Being Managed with a Strategy Other Than Full Suppression Without a Type 1 or 2 IMT Assigned														
DCNF Wilderness Tram	TX-TXF	552	0	100	Comp	---	2	0	0	0	0	0	40K	FS

OSA –

TXF – National Forests and Grasslands in Texas, USFS

### **Northern Rockies Area (PL 1)**

New fires: 1  
 New large incidents: 0  
 Uncontained large fires: 2

**Horse Pasture**, Dakota Prairie National Grasslands, USFS. Twelve miles south of Watford City, ND. Tall grass and brush. Minimal fire behavior. Area, road and trail closures in effect.

**Greenhouse**, Blackfeet Agency, BIA. Two miles east of Browning, MT. Grass. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
Horse Pasture	ND-DPF	5,000	0	95	Ctn	4/18	1	-8	0	0	0	0	1.2M	FS
Greenhouse	MT-BFA	14,006	0	90	Ctn	UNK	27	---	0	2	0	3	90K	BIA
1074	MT-FPA	849	-1	100	Ctn	---	0	-3	0	0	0	0	15K	BIA

FPA – Fort Peck Agency, BIA

### **Rocky Mountain Area (PL 1)**

New fires: 0  
 New large incidents: 0  
 Uncontained large fires: 1

**County Road 8**, Rio Blanco County. Eight miles southeast of Meeker, CO. Brush and short grass. Minimal fire behavior with smoldering. Residences threatened.

Incident Name	Unit	Size		%	Ctn/ Comp	Est	Personnel		Resources			Strc Lost	\$\$ CTD	Origin Own
		Acres	Chge				Total	Chge	Crw	Eng	Heli			
County Road 8	CO-RBX	890	0	80	Ctn	4/15	2	-6	0	0	0	0	NR	CNTY

**Fires and Acres Yesterday (by Protection):**

<b>Area</b>		<b>BIA</b>	<b>BLM</b>	<b>FWS</b>	<b>NPS</b>	<b>ST/OT</b>	<b>USFS</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Northwest Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	1	<b>1</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Northern California Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	12	0	<b>12</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	5	0	<b>5</b>
Southern California Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	11	0	<b>12</b>
	ACRES	0	1	0	0	0	0	<b>1</b>
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	1	<b>1</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	20	<b>20</b>
Great Basin Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Southwest Area	FIRES	3	3	0	1	10	2	<b>19</b>
	ACRES	421	44	0	64	36	1	<b>566</b>
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Eastern Area	FIRES	0	0	0	0	11	1	<b>12</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	58	3	<b>61</b>
Southern Area	FIRES	2	0	0	0	48	0	<b>50</b>
	ACRES	886	0	0	0	422	0	<b>1,308</b>
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>107</b>
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		<b>1,307</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>521</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>1,962</b>

**Fires and Acres Year-to-Date (by Protection):**

<b>Area</b>		<b>BIA</b>	<b>BLM</b>	<b>FWS</b>	<b>NPS</b>	<b>ST/OT</b>	<b>USFS</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
Alaska Area	FIRES	0	1	0	0	1	0	<b>2</b>
	ACRES	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>
Northwest Area	FIRES	20	9	1	0	135	9	<b>174</b>
	ACRES	134	84	0	0	772	242	<b>1,233</b>
Northern California Area	FIRES	2	0	0	0	456	40	<b>498</b>
	ACRES	2	0	0	0	1,333	154	<b>1,489</b>
Southern California Area	FIRES	5	25	1	3	659	78	<b>771</b>
	ACRES	5	142	1	6	1,186	1,289	<b>2,630</b>
Northern Rockies Area	FIRES	350	7	1	0	183	44	<b>585</b>
	ACRES	19,081	51	22	0	7,677	13,715	<b>40,546</b>
Great Basin Area	FIRES	9	61	1	3	101	9	<b>184</b>
	ACRES	1,801	7,404	0	4	3,972	88	<b>13,269</b>
Southwest Area	FIRES	135	38	4	4	127	87	<b>395</b>
	ACRES	7,503	271	0	934	5,837	1,872	<b>16,418</b>
Rocky Mountain Area	FIRES	40	8	0	3	102	16	<b>169</b>
	ACRES	1,787	35	1,245	305	66,747	2,723	<b>72,843</b>
Eastern Area	FIRES	186	0	9	8	2,918	207	<b>3,328</b>
	ACRES	6,405	0	13,193	532	16,817	8,779	<b>45,726</b>
Southern Area	FIRES	352	0	42	19	7,644	244	<b>8,301</b>
	ACRES	44,902	0	8,879	6,295	159,253	15,600	<b>234,930</b>
<b>TOTAL FIRES:</b>		<b>1,099</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>12,326</b>	<b>734</b>	<b>14,407</b>
<b>TOTAL ACRES:</b>		<b>81,620</b>	<b>7,988</b>	<b>23,340</b>	<b>8,076</b>	<b>263,596</b>	<b>44,465</b>	<b>429,087</b>

<b>Ten Year Average Fires (2011 – 2020 as of today)</b>	<b>13,057</b>
<b>Ten Year Average Acres (2011 – 2020 as of today)</b>	<b>641,105</b>

\*\*\*Changes in some agency YTD acres reflect more accurate mapping or reporting adjustments.

\*\*\*Additional wildfire information is available through the Geographic Areas at <https://gacc.nifc.gov/>

**Predictive Services Discussion:** Elevated to critical fire weather conditions are expected across much of Arizona and New Mexico, although eastern New Mexico will experience higher humidity as a cold front pushes south and west across the southern High Plains. Rain and snow will continue in the Wyoming and Colorado Rockies, across portions of Utah, and spread onto portions of the Plains. Isolated to scattered thunderstorms are likely across Texas and the Gulf Coast. Drier conditions will continue in northern Maine.

<http://www.predictiveservices.nifc.gov/outlooks/outlooks.htm>



## Wildland/Urban Interface Watch Outs

*Operational Engagement Category*

The primary consideration is to first assure firefighter and public safety. It is a must to assess potential fire behavior, ingress/egress routes, nature of the threat, hazardous materials, and available water supplies before engaging in the protection of any structures. The first step in conducting a safe operation is to assess whether firefighting operations can be conducted safely.

**Consider the “Wildland/Urban Interface Watch Outs” in completing a risk analysis for the urban interface area to be protected. Remember there are three categories of structures:**

- Those that are not threatened.
- Those that are threatened.
- Those that have already been lost or too dangerous to protect.

### **Wildland/Urban Interface Watch Outs:**

- Poor access and narrow, one-way roads. A rapidly spreading fire could trap apparatus and personnel before they can turn around or move away from the flames and smoke.
- Observe bridge limits. Exceeding bridge limits could lead to bridge failure with a resultant blocking of ingress/egress routes that could result in the loss of an escape route or loss of equipment.
- Inadequate water supply. Without a reserve supply of water, the fire can overtake an area before the fuels can be cleared away.
- Natural fuels are located 30 feet or closer to structures on level ground. Remember structures on slopes require greater clearance. Structures are located on canyon slopes or “chimneys” on slopes of 30% or more with continuous, flashy fuels. The resulting rate of spread of any fire in this terrain can quickly extend beyond control.
- Extreme fire behavior:
  - Situations involving crowning, large flame heights, and erratic fire behavior can extend in an unpredictable manner beyond the control of any number of personnel.
  - Strong winds of 25+ miles per hour: Winds increase the chance of spotting over the heads of firefighters and trapping them between both fire areas. Winds also cause greater preheating of fuels in the path of a fire front.
- The need to evacuate the public, livestock, pets, and/or animals. This critical activity can pull personnel from the firefighting activity and can distract attention from fire behavior at a time when the greatest alertness is needed.
- Propane and above ground fuel tanks that are next to wooden structures or close to vegetation.
- Power lines and poles:
  - What is their location in relation to the structures that are being protected? Watch for both overhead and downed power lines.
- Local citizens are attempting suppression activities. Lack of knowledge in fire suppression may lead to unsafe tactics.
- Airtanker retardant drops and helicopter bucket operations:
  - Establish communications and keep fire personnel out of the drop zone.

### **Resources:**

[Incident Response Pocket Guide, PMS 461](#)

[Interagency Standards for Fire & Fire Aviation Operations](#)

[Wildland Fire Incident Management Field Guide, PMS 210](#)

**Have an idea? Have feedback? Share it.**

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